JAVA GOVT. GAZETTE.

AUSPICIO REGIS ET SENATUS ANGLIÆ

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct that all Appointments, Orders and Notifications by Government, published in the *Java Government Gazette*, be considered as official, and duly attended to accordingly by the parties concerned. (Signed) C. G. BLAGRAVE, *Acting Secretary to Government.* BATAVIA, February 1812.

Den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur heeft goedgevonden, te bepalen, dat alle de van wegens het Gouvernement in de *Javasche Gouvernements Courant*, geplaast wordende Aanstellingen, Orders en Bekendmakingen, als Officieel moeten worden aangemerkt en by ieder als zoodanig moeten worden erkend. (Was getekend) C. G. BLAGRAVE, *Sec. Genl.* BATAVIA, den February 1812.

VOL. II] *BATAVIA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER* 6, 1813. [NO. 89.

Additional Instructions for the Lombard Bank.

THE Bank is authorized to make an issue of Promissory Notes on loan, not exceeding in amount the sum of three hundred thousand Spanish Dollars, on the following Conditions.

1.—The Notes are to be issued on the Mortgage of Houses and Lands exclusively, such Mortgage being admitted to an extent not exceeding half the value of the same, according to the valuation of the Magistrates, with four approved securities, and the loan to be subject to an interest of nine per cent per annum, payable half yearly in silver.

2.—The Notes will bear an interest of six per cent per annum, payable half yearly in silver, and they will be discharged at the Lombard Bank when presented, but in that case no interest due for a broken period less than six months will be paid thereon.

3.—They will be drawn out for even sums from fifty to five hundred Spanish Dollars in form as follows:—

No.

Good for Spanish Dollars ———

The Director and Members of the Lombard Bank do promise to pay to Mr.——— or Bearer, the sum of ——— Spanish Dollars of 66 Stivers each, in lawful coin of this Colony, Bank Notes, Certificates, Treasury Notes, or other representatives of specie, in circulation by authority and sanction of Government, together with the interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the date hereof, and on the security of the Estates Mortgaged under the Publication of the 1st November 1813. A. B.

BATAVIA
the day of 181

4.—The loans may be recalled and the Mortgage foreclosed at any period that may be determined on by Government, provided six months, notice thereof be given, and in default of payment the property will be sold to the highest bidder for silver Money.

5.—In the event of a Loan being paid off when the Notes may bear a discount, they are to be received according to the proportionate value they may at the time bear to Silver or other lawful coin in the Market, and whenever the Notes are withdrawn from circulation, they will be paid off by priority of date.

6.—The Bank is restricted from granting further acknowledgments in the form directed by the instructions dated the 1st March 1813, except in exchange for such as may be now in circulation, and whenever any Pledge or Mortgage already granted under the instructions of that date may fall in, it can only be renewed on the terms now fixed, and all Notes issued by the Bank in future must bear the form directed by these instructions. The object of Government being to relieve the community in general, all future Loans to be made by the Lombard Bank, are to be limited to the Sum of Twenty thousand Spanish Dollars to any one Individual.

7—The Promissory Notes now authorized to be issued are to be classed and numbered according to a plan and regulations to be approved by Government, and each Note is to be signed by two Commissioners and countersigned by the Director or Cashier of the Bank, unless otherwise directed by authority of Government, of which due notice will be given.

By order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

Done at Batavia,
this 1st November 1813.

Ampliatie op de Instructie van de Bank van Leening.

DE Bank van Leening wordt by dezen geautoriseerd om op beleeningen, bankbrieven in omloop te brengen, tot een bedragen niet te bovengaande, de som van drie honderd duizend Spaansche Dalers, onder de volgende voorwaarden:

1.—De voorschietingen in Bankbrieven zullen by uitsluiting gedaan worden onder verband van Huizen en Landeryen, een montant niet te bovengaande de helft van dezelver waarde, ingevolge de taxatie van den Magistraat, en op vier goede borgen, en tegens betaling van 9. per cent s'jaars, die om de zes maanden zullen moeten worden betaald in zilver geld.

2.—De Bankbrieven zullen interest doen van 6. per cent s'jaars, betaalbaar om het half jaar in zilver geld, en de gedagte Banknoten zullen op vertooning van dezelve in de Bank van Leening worden afgelost, doch in dat geval zullen geene verloopen interesten, voor een gebroken tydvak van minder dan zes maanden daarop worden betaald.

3.—Dezelve zullen uitgegeven worden in ronde sommen van 50 tot 500 Sps. in voege als volgt:

No.

Good for Spanish Dollars ———

The Director and Members of the Lombard Bank do promise to pay to Mr. ——— or Bearer, the sum of ——— Spanish Dollars of 66 Stivers each, in lawful coin of this Colony, Bank Notes, Certificates, Treasury Notes, or other representatives of specie in circulation, by authority and sanction of Government, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of six per cent per annum from the date hereof, and on the security of the Estates Mortgaged under the Publication of the 1st November 1813. A. B.

BATAVIA,
the day of 1813.

4.—De beleeningen zullen kunnen worden opgezegd en de verbanden vernietigd, ten allen tyden door het Gouvernement te bepalen, mits de aankondiging daarvan geschiede zes maanden te voren,—en zal het pand by gebreke van betaling, aan den hoogsten bieder voor zilver geld verkogt worden.

5.—Ingeval het pand afgelost wordt, op eenen tyd dat de Promesses rabat doen, zullen dezelve ontvangen worden tegen de waarde welke zy in vergelyking van het zilver of andere wettige munt in omwandeling, zullen hebben, en wanneer zy dus uit de omwandeling zyn gebragt, zullen zy ingevolge hunne dagtekeningen worden afbetaald.

Het is de Bank ontzegd om in het vervolg, overeenkomstig de instructie van den 1ste Maart 1813, Banknoten uittegeven, als alleen ter verwisseling van de thans in omwandeling zynde Noten, en wanneer eenig pand of hypotheek gegeven op grond van de voorschreven instructie, mogt komen te vervallen, zullen zy eenlyk hernieuwd kunnen worden op den voet van de nu gemaakte bepaling, en zullen alle noten of promessen van de Bank, in het vervolg uittegeven, moeten ingerigt zyn naar de hier bovengemelde form.

Het oogmerk van het Gouvernement zynde om de ingezetenen in het algemeen te gerieven, zoo zullen in het vervolg, de te doene beleeningen van de Bank van Leening aan eenig byzonder persoon hoe ook genaamd niet hooger mogen beloopen, dan Twintig Duizend Spaansche Dalers.

De Bankbrieven, welke nu op order van het Gouvernement, zullen worden uitgegeven, zullen geclassificeerd en genommerd worden overeenkomstig daartoe te doene en door het Gouvernement nader goedtekeurene voordragten, en zal iedere Bankbrief geteekend worden door Twee Commissarissen, en gecontrasigneerd door den Directeur of Kassier van de Bank, ten ware het Gouvernement hier omtrend anderzins mogt beschikken, wanneer daar van behoorlyk kennis aan het algemeen zal worden gegeven.

Ter Ordonnantie van Zyn Excellentie den Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY,
Secretaris van het Gouvt.

In de Vergaderzaal,
Batavia, den 1ste Nov. 1813.

Proclamation.

THE Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council, adverting to the present state of the Currency circulating in Batavia, is pleased to direct that from and after this date the Lombard Bank Notes which have been or may be issued under the Instructions of the 1st March 1813, and of this date, be accounted legal tender in all Transactions of individuals according to the proportionate value the same may at the time bear in the Market to Silver or other lawful coin, at which rate they will be received and issued at the Treasury and Public Offices of Government; a right being reserved to require the specific performance of covenants and contracts which may have stipulated heretofore or may hereafter stipulate any defined mode of payment.

That in order to ascertain with precision the rate at which these notes circulate, it will be the duty of the Magistrates to report, in each week to the Secretary to Government, the average rate for the week past—which rate will regulate the receipt and issue from the Treasury and Public Offices for the week ensuing.

The rates so fixed are to be published in the Government Gazette, and to form a guide for the Officers of Government in all Transactions in which these notes are concerned.

That no person may plead ignorance of this Proclamation, the same is directed to be published in the English and Dutch languages in the Government Gazette, and to be translated into the Native languages, and affixed at the usual places in Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

By Me, the Lieutenant Governor of Java and its Dependencies.

T. S. RAFFLES.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
BATAVIA, Nov. 1, 1813.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY, *Sect. to Govt.*

Proclamatie.

ZYNE Excellentie, den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade, in aanmerking genomen hebbende den staat van het thanste Batavia in omloop zynde Geld, heeft het behaagd te bevelen, dat van en na Dagtekening dezes, de Noten van de Bank van Leening, welke ingevolge de Instructie van den 1ste Maart 1813 en van die van hedigen datum zyn of zullen worden uitgegeven, aangemerkt zullen worden als een wettige Munt, in alle transactien van Particulieren, tegen de waarde, welke zy op het tydstip, in vergelyking van het Zilver of andere gewettigde Munt in circulatie, zullen hebben, en tegen welke prys zy in de Gouvernements Kassen, Ontvangen en Uitgegeven zullen worden, behoudende een ieder het regt om een getrouwe naarkoming te vorderen der Overeenkomsten of Contracten, waarby een zekere bepaalde wyze van betaling gestipuleerd is of nog te stipuleeren zal worden.

Ten einde met naauwkeurigheid van de waarde verzekerd te zyn, welke deze noten in de omwandeling hebben, zoo zal het de pligt van den Magistraat wezen om alle weken aan den Secretaris van het Gouvernement optegeven, hare middelbare cours in de gepasseerde week, en naar welke cours s'Gouvernements Kas en ander Kantoren, zich in den ontvangst en uitgave van hetzelve in de volgende week zullen reguleeren.

De aldus bepaalde cours zal in de Gouvernements Courant worden bekend gemaakt, ten einde tot narigt te strekken van alle Gouvernements Ambtenaren, in alle Transactien in voorgem: Banknoten.

En ten einde niemand van den inhoud dezes eenige onwetenkeid zou pretenderen, zoo zal deze Publicatie in s'Gouvernements Courant worden gedrukt in de Engelsche en Hollandsche talen, voorts vertaald in de Inlandsche talen, en te Batavia, Samarang en Sourabaya worden aangeplakt ter plaatze gebruikelyk.

Gegeven By my Den Luitenant Gouverneur van het Eiland Java en dies Onderhorigheden.

T. S. RAFFLES.

In de Vergaderzaal,
Batavia, den 1ste Nov. 1813.

Ter ordonnantie van Zyne Excellentie den Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. van het Gouvt.*

Proclamation.

CONSIDERABLE inconvenience resulting from the uncertainty which exists with regard to payments made in Spanish Dollars, Ducatoons, and other foreign coins, in consequence of the fluctuation of their value in the Market, the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Spanish Dollars, Ducatoons, and other foreign coins shall, from and after the 1st of January next, be received and issued at the Treasuries and other Public Offices of Government according to their proportionate value at the time with the Java silver Rupee, which is to be considered the standard silver coin of the Island; except in cases which may have heretofore stipulated, or which may hereafter stipulate any specific mode of payment.

The Market price of Spanish Dollars, Ducatoons, and other foreign coins in circulation, will, in consequence, be inserted in the Quarterly Price Current published in the Gazette; the same being calculated in Stivers according to the standard above mentioned, and such Price Currents will form a guide for the Quarter ensuing to the Officers of Government in all transactions in which these coins are concerned.

That no person may plead ignorance of this Proclamation, the same is directed to be published in the English and Dutch languages in the Government Gazette, and to be translated into the Native languages, and affixed at the usual places in Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

By Me, the Lieutenant Governor of Java, and its Dependencies.

T. S. RAFFLES.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
BATAVIA, Nov. 1, 1813.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY, *Sect. to Govt.*

Proclamatie.

ALZOO er aanmerkelyke inconvenienten voortspruiten uit de onzekerheid welke er bestaat ten opzichte der betalingen in Spaansche Dalers, Ducatons of andere uitheemsche Munten, uithoofde van de wisselvalligheid, welke derzelver waarde in de omwandeling heeft, zoo heeft het Zyne Excellentie de Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade behaagd, te bepalen dat de Spaansche Dalers, Ducatons en andere uitheemsche Munten, van en na den 1ste January aanstaande, in s'Lands Kas en alle andere Gouvernements Kantoren, ontvangen en uitgegeven zullen worden tegen de waarde, welke zy zullen hebben in vergelyking van de Javasche zilvere Ropyen, die als de standaard van de zilvere munt zullen beschouwd worden, uitgezonderd in gevallen, waarin vooraf een zekere bepaalde wyze van betaling gestipuleerd is, of daarna gestipuleerd zal worden.

De cours van de Spaansche Dalers, Ducatons of andere uitheemsche Munten in de omwandeling, zullen gevolgelyk worden geinsereerd in de drie maandelyksche Prys Courant, welke in de Gouvernements Courant, bekend gemaakt wordt,—en zal de berekening daarvan geschieden in Stuivers, naar de waarde der hierboven gemelde munt, zullende voorts zoodanige Prys Couranten in de drie volgende maanden tot narigt strekken van alle Gouvernemets Ambtenaren, in alle transactien in de voorschreve munt.

En ten einde niemand van den inhoud dezes eenige onwetenheid zou pretenderen, zoo zal deze Publicatie in s'Gouvernements Courant worden gedrukt in de Engelsche en Hollandsche talen, voorts vertaalden in de Inlandsche talen te Batavia, Sama-

rang en Sourabaya worden aangeplakt ter plaatsen gebruikelyk.

Gegeven by My den Luitenant Gouverneur van het Eiland Java en dies Onderhorigheden.

T. S. RAFFLES.

IN DE VERGADER ZAAL,
Batavia, den 1 *Nov.* 1813.

Ter Ordonantie van de Heer Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. van't Gouvt.*

ORDERS OF GOVERNMENT.

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council deeming it essential to the purity of the Public Service, and in conformity to the practice of all well regulated Governments, that the principal Officers of Government should neither engage in Commercial Speculation themselves, nor otherwise exercise the influence possessed by their official situations in favor of any Individual engaged in Trade, so as to impress in any manner upon the minds of the Inhabitants of the Country that the public interests are concerned therein, he is pleased to direct that the undermentioned Officers of Government be restricted from engaging in any Trade or Commercial Speculation, and that they do take an Oath to that effect on their entrance into Office.

Secretaries to the Government.

Presidents and Members of the Courts of Justice.

Presidents and Members of the Revenue and Commercial Committees.

Residents at Native Courts and their Assistants.

Residents of Districts and their Assistants.

Collectors and Deputy Collectors of Revenue and Customs, and their Assistants.

Store-keepers and Deputy Store-keepers.

Superintendants and Deputies in the Forest, Coffee and Salt Departments.

Such of the above mentioned Public Officers as reside in Batavia and its Environs, will attend at the Council Chamber for the purpose of taking this oath and subscribing their names thereto, on Monday the 15th instant.

The Residents at the Courts and of Districts respectively will take the earliest practicable opportunity of taking the same in the presence of the Court of Justice at Samarang or at Sourabaya, and having administered it to the Public Officers serving within their jurisdiction in the offices above mentioned, they will transmit a list thereof for the information of Government.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA, Nov. 1, 1813.

ORDERS VAN HET GOUVERNEMENT.

De Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade oordelende dat het noodzakelyk is voor de zuiverheid der Publieke Dienst, en in conformiteit met het gebruikt van alle wel gereguleerde Gouvernementen, dat de voornaamste Dienaren van het Gouvernement zich zelven nog in eenige Commerciale ondernemingen zouden engageren, nog op eenige andere wyze den invloed die zy bezitten door hunne publieke betrekkingen ten nadeele van eenige particulier handel dryvende persoon oeffenen, om daar door in het gemoed der Ingezetenen van het Land een denkbeeld te doen ontstaan dat de Publieke Interest daar mede geconcerneerd is, Heeft goedgevonden te gelasten, dat de hieronder genoemde Dienaren van het Gouvernement, verboden worden om zich in eenige Handel of Commerciale ondernemingen te mogen engageren, en dat zy tot dien einde een Eed afleggen by het aanvaarden van hunne Posten.

De Secretarissen van het Gouvernement.

De Presidenten en Leden van de Raden van Justitie.

De Presidenten en Leden van de Revenue en Commerciaale Committeën.

De Residenten aan de Hoven, en hunne Adjuncten.

De Residenten van Districten, en hunne Adjuncten.

De Collecteurs en Deputy Collecteurs van de Inkomende en Uitgaande Regten, en hunne Adjuncten.

De Administrateurs en Deputy Administrateurs.

De Superintendenten en hunne Adjuncten in de Hout, Coffy en Zout Departementen.

De zodanige van de bovengenoemde Publieke Ambtenaren, die te Batavia en in dies Ommelanden resideren, zullen tot het afleggen en onderteekenen van dezen Eed ter Vergaderzaal op Molenvliet present moeten zyn op Maandag den 15de dezer.

De Residenten aan de Hoven en die der Districten zullen respectivelyk van de eerste gelegentheid gebruik maken, om dezelfde Eed afteleggen voor de Raad van Justitie te Samarang of te Sourabaya, en na dezelve aan de Publieke Ambtenaren in de bovengenoemde betrekkingen binnen hunne Jurisdictie dienende, geadministreerd te hebben, zullen zy een Lyst daar van inzenden tot informatie van het Gouvernement.

Ter Ordonnantie van den Heer Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY,
Secretaris van het Gouvt.

BATAVIA, 1ste Nov. 1813.

ORDERS BY GOVERNMENT.

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following Orders and Regulations be published for the general information and guidance of the parties concerned.

1.—All Europeans, whether British, Dutch or Foreigners, who are at present residing on this Island, are required to transmit a Report of their Names, Country, Occupation, Place of Residence, &c. agreeably to the following form.

Form of the Report.

Name.	Country or place of birth.	Date of arrival in this Island.	Place of residence.	By what authority residing in the Island.	Present occupation.	REMARKS.

2.—A similar report is required from the Descendants of Europeans, whether born in the Colony or now residing therein.

3.—Such persons as are in the Military Department of the service, are exempted from the operation of this Order.

4.—The Reports above required are, in the Western Division of the Island, including Cheribon, to be sent to the Office of the Secretary to Government, on or before the 20th instant.—In the Samarang Division including Solo and Djocjocarta, they will be sent to the Resident of Samarang, and in the Sourabaya Division they will be transmitted to the Resident of Sourabaya.—By these Officers a list will be forwarded to Government, on or before the 1st of December next.

5.—All persons not having reported themselves as above stated by the periods specified, will be liable to be placed in personal restraint.

6.—Europeans or Descendants of Europeans arriving at Batavia, are required to report their arrival either personally or in writing at the office of the Secretary to Government within 24 hours after their arrival—in failure of which they will be apprehended by the Police—Their departure is in like manner to be notified—This regulation however is not intended to affect those persons residing in the Environs of Batavia who may occasionally proceed to Town and return to their Estates.—It extends to any one coming or going beyond the Town and Environs of Batavia.

7.—Officers of Government arriving at Batavia on public Duty, are directed to report their arrival and departure.—The Civil Officers will report at the Secretary's Office, the Military Officers will continue to report to the Town Major, as directed in General Orders of the 6th March 1813.

8.—In like manner all persons included in the 6th Paragraph, arriving at any part of the Island, whether on duty or otherwise shall report their arrival and departure to the local Chief Civil Authority, and it shall be the especial duty of the Resident to report the same to Government by the next post, in order that an exact Register may be kept in the Secretary's Office of all persons residing or present in the Island.

9.—The Residents, Magistrates, and other local authorities, are further charged and enjoined to cause these Orders to be published and explained to all persons who are now, or may arrive within their respective jurisdiction, and to see that the same be strictly carried into execution.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA,
Nov. 1, 1813.

ORDERS VAN HET GOUVERNEMENT.

De Heer Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade heeft goedgevonden te gelasten, dat de volgende Orders en Reglementen gepubliceerd worden tot generale informatie en narigt van de geenen, wien zulks moge aangaan.

1.—Alle Europeanen, het zy Britten, Hollanders of Vreemdelingen, die thans op dit Eiland resideren, worden verzogt om een Rapport in te zenden van hunne Namen, Geboorteplaats, Beroep, plaats van Residentie &a. ingevolge het hierna volgende Model.

Model van het Raport,

Naam	Vaderland of Geboorteplaats.	Datum van het arrivement in dit eiland.	Woon plaats.	Op welke authoriteit op dit Eiland residerende,	Tegenswoordig beroep.	Aanmerkingen.

2.—Een gelyk Rapport moet ook ingezonden worden door de afstammelingen van Europeanen, het zy dat zy in dit Land geboren zyn, of dat zy daarin thans resideren.

3.—Personen, die in Militaire Dienst zyn, zyn van de voldoening aan deze order uitgezonderd.

4.—De bovengenoemde Rapporten moeten in de westelyke Divisie van het Eiland, (Cheribon daar onder begrepen) aan het Kantoor van den Secretaris van het Gouvernement worden ingezonden, op of voor den 20ste dezer,—in de Samarangsche Divisie, (Solo en Djocjocarta daar onder begrepen,) aan de Resident te Samarang, en in de Sourabaysche Divisie aan de Resident te Sourabaya.—Deze Officieren zullen daar van een Lyst inzenden aan het Gouvernement, op of voor den 1ste December aanstaande.

5.—Alle personen, die zich zelven niet gerapporteerd hebben invoegen voormeld binnen de bepaalde tyd, zullen zich blootstellen om onder personeel arrest gesteld te worden.

6.—Europeanen en afstammelingen van Europeanen, die te Batavia arriveren, moeten hun arrivement het zy in persoon of in schrifte rapporteren op het Kantoor van den Secretaris van het Gouvernement, binnen 24 uuren na hun arrivement, by gebreke van welke zy door de Dienaren der Policie zullen geapprehendeerd worden, hun vertrek moet ingelykervoege bekend gemaakt worden—Deze bepaling zal egter niet behoeven te worden nagekomen door zodanige personen, die in de Ommelanden van Batavia resideren, die by gelegentheid in de Stadt komen en weder naar hunne Landeryen retourneren—Dezelve is egter geextendeerd tot alle Personen die verder als de Stadt en Ommelanden van Batavia gaan of komen.

7.—Officieren van het Gouvernement, die uithoofde van publieke betrekkingen te Batavia komen, moeten van hun arrivement en vertrek rapport doen—De Civiele Dienaren moeten zulks ten Kantore van den Secretaris rapporteren, en de Militaire Officieren zullen continueren met zulks in den plaats Major te rapporteren, ingevolge Generale Orders van den 6de Maart 1813.

8.—Inzelvervoege zullen alle Personen, onder het 6de artikel begrepen, die op eenige plaats van het Eiland arriveren, hunne aankomst en vertrek aan de locale Civile Chef rapporteren, en het zal de byzondere pligt van de Resident zyn om zulks by de eerst volgende Postaan het Gouvernement te rapporteren, zo dat een accurate Register ten Kantore van den Secretaris kan gehouden worden, van alle Personen die op het Eiland resideren of present zyn.

9.—De Residenten, Magistraten, en andere locale Chefs, worden wyders gelast en aanbevolen, om deze Orders te laten publiceren en bekend maken aan alle Personen, die thans zyn of hierna onder hunne respective jurisdiction mogen komen, en toetezien dat dezelve behoorlyk worden geexecuteerd.

Ter Ordonnantie van Zyne Excellentie den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. van het Gouvt.*

Batavia den
1 Nov: 1813.

ORDERS BY GOVERNMENT.

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that on the arrival of any Ship or Vessel, commanded by a European, the Master or Commander of such Ship or Vessel shall, within 24 hours after his arrival, transmit for the information of Government a list of the Ship's Crew, and of the Passengers arrived therein.

This report is, at Batavia, to be made at the Office of the Secretary to Government, and at any other Port to the Resident of the District respectively.

On the departure of the Ship or Vessel, a further report is required, stating any alterations that may have occurred during the interval, in the list before delivered, together with the list of Passengers about to embark. A Port Clearance will not be granted until these reports are duly received.

It is further to be understood, that this regulation will not have effect with regard to colonial vessels trading from one Port of the Island to another; it will, in this case, be sufficient, that the list of the Crew be furnished at the Port from whence the Ship or Vessel first sailed, and again upon her clearing out for any distant or foreign Port. A list of Passengers however, is invariably to be furnished as above stated, at whatever port she may arrive.

By order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA,
Nov. 1, 1813.

ORDERS DOOR HET GOUVERNEMENT.

De Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade heeft goedgevonden te gelasten, dat by het arrivement van eenig Schip of Vaartuig het geen door een European gecommandeerd word, de Gezaghebber of Commandant van zodanig Schip of Vaartuig, binnen 24 uuren na zyn arrivement tot informatie van het Gouvernement zal inzenden, een Lyst van de Maanschappen van het Schip en van de Passagieren, die daarmede gearriveerd zyn.

Dit Rapport zal te Batavia, aan het Kantoor van den Secretaris van het Gouvernement moeten ingezonden worden, en in alle andere Havens aan de Residenten van het District respectivelyk.

By het vertrek van het Schip of Vaartuig moet een verder Rapport ingezonden worden, de veranderingen bekend stellende, die er mogelyk intusschen mogen plaats gehad hebben, zedert het inzenden van de eerste Lyst—met byvoeging van een lyst der Passagieren, die daarmede staan te vertrekken.—Geene *Port Clearance* zal voor den ontfangst dezer Rapporten mogen verleend worden.

Het moet wyders verstaan worden, dat dit Reglement geen effect zal hebben ten aanzien van Coloniale Vaartuigen, die van de eene Haven van het Eiland naar de andere varen.—In dit geval zal het voldoende zyn, dat de Lyst der manschappen geleverd word in de Haven, van waar het Schip of Vaartuig het eerste zeilt—en wederom wanneer het zelve voor eenige afgelegene of buitenlandsche Haven uitklaard.—Een Lyst der Passagieren moet egter zonder uitzondering ingezonden worden in voege als boven vermeld, in welke Haven hetzelve ook arriveerd.—

Ter Ordonnantie van den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY,
Sec. van het Gov.

BATAVIA,
1ste Nov. 1813.

ORDERS BY GOVERNMENT.

Inconvenience and irregularities having occurred from the employment of Servants and Followers with unauthorized Badges of Office, whereby the people of the Country may be ignorantly led to suppose that persons so distinguished are possessed of authority among them, the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that no Person whatever be permitted to dress his Servants or Followers with any Breast-plate or other Badge of Office, save and except such Peons or other established Public Servants as are authorized to be so distinguished by the authority of Government, in which case the name or initials of the Department is to be marked thereon.

The Residents, Magistrates and other Police Officers are especially charged to apprehend all Servants or Followers, who may be found with unauthorized Badges of distinction after the 1st of December next.

By order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

BATAVIA,
Nov. 1, 1813.

ORDERS VAN HET GOUVERNEMENT.

Moeyelykheden en Irregulariteiten ontstaan hebbende door het employeren van Dienaren of volgers dragende niet geauthoriseerde bandeliers van officie, waardoor de menschen van het land onwetend mogen worden gebragt te veronderstellen dat dusdanig gedistingueerde personen magt over hen mogen uitoefenen. Zo heeft den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade goedgevonden te gelasten, dat het geen persoon hoegenaamd vry zal staan, om zyne dienaren of volgers te bekleden met enige borst plaat of andere bandelier van officie, uitgezonderd zodanige oppassers of andere geauthoriseerde publieke dienaren, als volgens authorisatie van het Gouvernement mogen gedistingueerd worden, in welk geval de naam of letters van het Departement daarop bekend gesteld moeten zyn.

De Residenten, Magistraten, en andere Publieke Officieren worden byzonder gelast om alle dienaren of volgers te apprehenderen, die met niet geauthoriseerde Bandeliers of andere Distinctien na den 1ste December aanstaande mogen gevonden worden.

Ter Ordonnantie van den Heere Lieute. Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. van 't Gouv.*

BATAVIA,
1ste Nov. 1813.

Commercial Committee zal gepubliceerd worden.

Zo mede dat eene verdere verkoping zal plaats hebben op den 15de December aanstaande, en dat dezelve om de drie Maanden tot nadere orders zal gecontinueerd worden, de byzonderheden dien aangaande zullen by tyds bekend gemaakt worden.

De Conditien van deze verkopingen zullen zyn, dat de goederen op drie Maanden credit zullen verkogt worden onder behoorlyke en goedgekeurde borgstelling.

Ter ordonnantie van den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

BATAVIA,
den 1ste Nov. 1813.

Advertisement.

THE Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following Extract of Regulations established for the Retail Shop be published for general information.

The Superintendent of the Retail Shop will be allowed to sell by Retail only, Cloths by the yard, Chintzes by the piece, Spices by the pound, &c. and in fact to confine himself strictly to the meaning of the term *Retail sale.*

No Goods are to be sold at the Shop except such as are delivered from the Government Warehouse.

The prices of each Article will be affixed in the Shop for general information.

The sales to be made for ready Money only, without any exception whatever, and the liberty of purchasing at the Retail Shop is confined to the Servants of His Majesty and the Honorable Company, and must be exclusively for their own private use.

The Retail Shop will open on the 15th inst.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

BATAVIA,
Nov. 1, 1813.

Advertentie.

DE Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade, geeft goedgevonden te gelasten, dat het volgende Extract uit de Reglementen voor de Kleine Winkel, gepubliceerd worden tot generale informatie.

De Superintendent van de Kleine Winkel zal eenlyk vergund zyn om in het klein te verkopen, Lakens by de ell,—Chitzen by het stuk,—Speceryen by het pond,—&a.—en wyders om zich zelven stiptelyk te houden aan de mening van *verkoop in het klein.*

Er zullen geene Goederen in de Kleine Winkel mogen verkogt worden, uitgezondert die de welke van de Gouvernements Pakhuisen geleverd worden.

De pryzen der artikelen zullen tot generale informatie in de Winkel aangeplakt zyn.

De verkopingen zullen alleen zonder eenige uitzondering tegens contanten betaling geschieden,—en de vryheid om in de Kleine Winkel te kopen is slegts toegestaan aan de Dienaren van Zyne Majesteit en van de Edele Compagnie en moet door hun eigen privaat gebruik zyn.

De Kleine Winkel zal op den 15de dezer geopend worden.

Ter Ordonnantie van den Heere Luitenant Lieutenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

BATAVIA,
den 1st Nov. 1813.

Advertisement.

Extracts of the Act of Parliament of the 33d year of GEORGE *III. Cap.* 52.

81. "PROVIDED also, and be it further enacted, that during the continuance of the said exclusive trade in the said Company subject as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any of his Majesty's subjects, resident in Great Britain, or in any other part of his Majesty's European dominions, to export on their own proper risk and account, in the ships of the said Company, or in ships freighted by them from the port of London, to any of the ports or places usually visited by the ships of the said Company, on the several coasts of Malabar, Coromandel, or in the Bay of Bengal in the East Indies, or in the Island of Sumatra, any goods, wares, or merchandizes, of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the said dominions, save and except as is hereinafter otherwise specially provided; and that in like manner, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of his Majesty's subjects in the civil service of the said Company in India, or being by leave or license of the said Company, or under their protection, as merchants resident in India respectively, to consign and put on board the ships of the said Company, or in ships freighted by them, bound to Great Britain, any goods, wares, or merchandize, save and except, also as is by this Act otherwise specially provided, in order to the same being imported on the risk and account of the owners thereof at the port of London, under the regulation hereinafter specified and contained."

87. "And inasmuch as the ensuring to private merchants and manufacturers, the certain and ample means of exporting their merchandize to the East Indies, and importing the returns for the same, and other goods, wares and merchandize allowed by this Act at reasonable rates of freight, may essentially conduce to the advancement of the trade and navigation of these kingdoms; be it further enacted, that the said Company shall, in the proper season of every year, provide and appropriate three thousand tons of shipping at the least for the specific purposes of carrying to the East Indies, such goods, wares, and merchandize, as may be lawfully exported thither, by individuals, and for bringing back from thence as well the return of the same, as likewise the goods of other persons entitled to import the same into this kingdom, by virtue of this act, and if the said quantity of tonnage shall be found insufficient, or shall be found to be more than shall be sufficient for the carriage of the said private trade, export or import, the said Company shall from time to time, find and provide such an additional quantity of tonnage or lessen the quantity of tonnage to be provided for the carriage of the private trade, as the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India shall, upon any representation made to them from time to time, order and direct."

89. "Provided also, and be it further enacted, that the said Company shall be entitled to charge and recover from the owners of goods, imported or exported in private trade, such rates of freight for the carriage thereof, as are hereinafter specified, and not any higher rate or rates, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding, (that is to say) for the carriage of any goods from Great Britain to any port or place in the East Indies, in time of peace, after the rate of five pounds per ton; and for the carriage of any goods from any part of the East Indies to Great Britain, after the rate of fifteen pounds per ton, computing such tonnage in the same manner as the tonnage of goods, shipped by the said Company on their own account; and that in times of war, or in preparations for war between Great Britain, or any other European Power or State, or when any circumstances incidental to war, or preparations for war shall happen, whereby an increase in the rates of freight payable by the said Company shall become unavoidable, then, or as long as such war, or other circumstance shall continue, the said Company shall be entitled to charge and recover for the carriage of the said private trade, additional rates of freight, after a due proportion to the additional rates of tonnage which shall be paid by the said Company for the hire of ships for their own trade, and at or after no higher rate of proportion."

93. "Provided also, and be it further enacted, that all persons intending to export any goods from any port or place in the East Indies to Great Britain, shall signify the same by notice in writing to the Chief Secretary of the Presidency in India, wherein the same are to be shipped or to such person as shall be specially authorized to receive the same by the said respective governments abroad, within a reasonable and convenient time, to be limited by the said respective governments for that purpose; in which notice shall be specified, the sorts and quantities of goods intended to be shipped, the quantity of tonnage required, and the period when the goods will be ready to be put on board; and that every person giving such notice, shall make deposit at the Treasury of such Presidency or Settlement respectively, of the whole amount of the freight upon the quantity of tonnage specified in the said notice, or otherwise give such reasonable security for the payment thereof in Great Britain, and the due performance of his engagements in that behalf as the said respective governments shall require; and if any of the persons giving such notice shall not provide his or their goods to be shipped within the time or times therein specified for that purpose, their deposits made, or securities given for the freight, shall be forfeited to the said Company."

94. "Provided also, and be it further enacted, that if any vacant tonnage shall remain, not engaged by individuals, either in Great Britain, or the East Indies, after the times limited for giving such notices respectively, the said tonnage, together with any other vacant tonnage occasioned by the failure or default of any person or persons in the delivery of their goods within the period specified in their notices for that purpose, shall and may be occupied by the goods of the said Company, without any allowance to the person making such default, in respect thereof; and that if the whole quantity of tonnage required by private trade in any year, either in Great Britain, or the East Indies, shall exceed the whole quantity to be provided for private trade, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, in such year respectively, in that case the whole of the tonnage provided shall be impartially distributed amongst parties requiring the same, in the proportion to the quantities specified in their respective notices; and that on every such occasion, the said distribution shall be made with all convenient dispatch, and the quantity of tonnage appertaining to each of the persons entitled thereto, shall be notified to them respectively by the said Secretary, or other proper Officer, in writing, seven clear days, at the least, antecedent to the day appointed for making the deposit, or giving security for the said freight in the manner before directed."

103. "Provided also, and be it further enacted, that previous to the shipping of any goods under the authority of this Act, by private merchants or manufacturers, the same shall be duly registered in a book kept by the said Company for registering private trade goods, in which registry shall be described, the marks and numbers of each bale or package of goods so shipped, and the amount of tonnage of all the goods shipped by each merchant or manufacturer, and an order or licence in writing shall be given, under the hand of the proper officer of the said Company for the shipping of such goods, and all goods which shall be shipped either in London, or the East Indies, without being so registered, shall be considered as goods illicitly shipped, and the said goods shall be subject to such seizure and forfeiture, and the owners, shippers, and agents concerned therein, to such forfeitures and penalties as any persons shall be subject to by law, for carrying on trade to or from the East Indies, without the said Company's licence."

IN conformity to the 93d Section above recited of the Act of Parliament of the 33d year of GEORGE III, Chapter 52, and to the 1st Article of the Resolutions of the Honorable the Court of Directors, published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 10th of November 1802, all persons intending to export Goods from Java to Great Britain, in the Season of 1813-14, are hereby required to notify the same, in writing to the Secretary to Government on or before the 1st December next.

The notice must specify the sorts and quantities of the Goods intended to be shipped, the Tonnage they will respectively occupy, also the time or times at which the Goods will be ready to be shipped, and in what proportions. Any time (being some specific day or days, and not generally some period between one date and another) may be named to the 1st of July next. After that date no Goods will be received. Should any person not have his Goods ready to be shipped at the time or times specified in the notices, the freight will, agreeably to the 93d Section of the Act, be forfeited to the Company.

As soon as may be convenient after the expiration of the period for the receipt of the notices, the Goods for which Tonnage may have been required, will be assorted into cargoes for the ships, which may be appointed for the conveyance of the private trade to England, in as fair and equitable a manner as possible, and with the greatest practicable convenience to the proprietors.

Upon the Goods being allotted to the ships, the parties will be advised thereof, and on the requisition of the Warehouse Keeper, the Goods must be sent to the Warehouse to be shipped. The Goods when sent to the Warehouse, must be accompanied by manifests in duplicate, signed by the shipper, with a certificate of the Collector of the Government Customs subjoined to each manifest, stating that the duties have been duly paid.

Information of the rate of freight to be paid by Individuals will be published as soon as advice thereof shall be received from the Honorable the Court of Directors.

Individuals may either deposit the freight of Goods in Java, or give security for the payment of it in Great Britain, and the notices must specify which mode of payment they prefer; such persons as may chuse to pay the freight in Great Britain, must with their notices send in a declaration from the person tendered as security, signifying his assent to be security.

The freight is to be understood only as a consideration for the carriage of the Goods from the place where the ships may be lying at the time of the Goods being put on board. The expence of transportation to the ships must also be defrayed by the shippers (in Java) as usual.

Agents requiring Tonnage on behalf of their constituents must, with their notices, send their authority for requiring the same.

As the allotment of the Tonnage will be much facilitated by the notices being made out in an uniform and distinct manner, the following form is recommended to be observed:

To C. ASSEY, Esq.
Secretary to Government.

SIR,

In pursuance of the Advertisement, dated the 25th Oct. 1813, I hereby notify, that I require (*on behalf of in virtue of the enclosed authority) Tonnage in the ensuing Season of 1813-14, in part of the Tonnage granted to individuals under the Act of Parliament of the 33d GEORGE III. Chapter 52, for the undermentioned Goods:—

Description of Goods.	*Quantities*	*Tonnage according to the Company's computation of tonnage.*	*Will be ready for shipping.*
Piece Goods Pieces Indigo, Pue. Mds. &c.			*On the* [ ]
			On the [ ]
Total Tons			

The freight to be paid in [†England or Java].

* This is to be inserted or not, as the case may be.
† As the case may be.

As Security for the performance of my engagement, I offer [ ] whose declaration of his assent to become Security is hereunto subjoined.

I am, &c.

BATAVIA,
the of 1813.

I agree to be Security.
[ ]

It is hereby declared, that any notice which may not contain the several particulars required by the Act, or may not be made in the mode so required, will be liable to rejection.

The resolution of the Governor General in Council under date the 26th September 1796, respecting persons failing to ship goods, for which tonnage may have been granted to them, and the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 31st of August 1804, and 17th August 1809, regarding the package and tare of goods shipped on law tonnage, are republished for general information.

Resolution of the Governor General in Council, dated 26th September, 1796.

"As the relinquishment of the forfeiture "under any circumstances is entirely a matter of favor, and as the Company may "hereafter sustain considerable loss from "individuals omitting to occupy the tonnage for which they apply, added to the "inconvenience and trouble resulting from "it in loading the ship; it is his determination "to enforce invariably the payment of the "freight of short shipped tonnage in all "cases in which the most satisfactory reason "shall not be assigned for its not being "filled up."

EXTRACT of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 31st August, 1804.

PAR. 92. "The owners of several of the extra ships which were taken up for the purpose of bringing home the goods of individuals from India, having expressed great dissatisfaction at the hardship to which they have been exposed in consequence of the bad package of the bales of privileged goods imported on their respective ships; We directed our Warehouse Keepers to report for our information, whether the goods in question occupied a greater space than the generality of consignments on the Company's account, and as it appears by their reply to our application that the owners of the above ships have been considerable sufferers from the preceding circumstance, we feel it necessary from motives of justice, both to the Company and the owners of the above class of extra ships, to direct, that immediately on the receipt of this letter, you give public notice, that the shippers of privileged goods will be required to pack their consignments equally well as those of a similar description imported on the Company's account, and that in the event of their neglecting to comply with these instructions, the freight will be calculated according to the actual measurement of the Goods and not as has hitherto been customary, according to the number of species."

93. "And with a view the more effectually to enforce these instructions, it is our farther directions, that the Export Warehouse Keeper be directed to insert in the account tonnage the exact measurement of those bales which may appear to him, on a general inspection, to be negligently packed, in order that they may be charged with freight according to the plan above described."

EXTRACT of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 17th of August, 1809.

PARA. 11. It is with considerable regret we have noticed that the privilege traders have in a variety of recent instances exported privilege goods from India in Packages of a much larger weight and bulk than was necessary for their protection, and the owners of some of our ships having represented the great loss they sustained by the deduction of those large tares (which have in some instances amounted to the amazing proportion of nearly 70 per Cent.) the justice of their claims has induced us to come to the resolution not in any case to permit the tare of goods to exceed in amount the tares enumerated in the margin* (provided the true tare shall amount to so much or more) which upon due consideration, we have deemed a reasonable allowance to the merchants for the protection of their goods. This regulation, which justice to the owners of our ships has prompted us to adopt, has, however, subjected the Company to the loss of the difference between the larger tare deducted in the accounts with the Agents to

* IN CHESTS.

Cardamoms, Cassia, Aloes, Camphor, Safflower,	One-seventh on gross weight.
Senna, Stick Lack, Shell Lack,	One-... on gross weight.
Assafœtida, Benjamin, Liquorice,	One-eleventh on gross weight.

the proprietors of the privilege Goods, and the lesser tare, which has been deducted on the settlement of the freight accounts. We have therefore transmitted you the accompanying account, detailing the particulars of our loss under this head, in order that you may procure immediate indemnification from the proprietors of the goods.

And we have to direct that, immediately on the receipt of these instructions, you will give notice to the merchants at your Presidency, that the freight of their Goods will, for the future, be calculated on the above principle, namely, that in any instance where the actual tare may exceed the above allowance, a stated tare will be substituted for the same.

Great inconvenience resulting from a variety in the sizes of the Indigo Chests passing through the Honorable Company's Warehouse for consignment to Europe, and it being desireable for the purpose of promoting good stowage of the Indigo in the ships on which it may be laden, lessening the risk of breakage, and damage of so valuable an Article, and facilitating the calculation of Tonnage of the Indigo, that as much uniformity as may be practicable may be in future observed in the size of the Chests, an adherence to the following dimensions, which approach nearer to the general average size of the Indigo Chests usually delivered than any other which could be fixed upon, will be required by all persons manufacturing Indigo in the present season.

Length.	*Breadth.*	*Depth*		*Solid contents.*
feet.	feet.	feet.	inch.	feet.
3	2	1	8	10

Five Chests of the above dimension are equal to one Ton.

Published by order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA, Oct. 25, 1813.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the prohibitions and penalties enacted by different Laws and Publications under the former Government, and especially by those of the 29th July 1757, 13th October 1794, 9th October 1795, and 10th of May 1805, against the private trade in Spices, wild Nutmegs and Mace; and by Publications of the 2d June 1758, 27th Sept. 1781, and 1st of June 1808, against the private trade in Opium, are no longer consistent with the principles of this Government, nor with the expectations of a free trade and free cultivation held out to the inhabitants of this Island, by Proclamation of the Right Honorable the Governor General, *Lord Minto*, of the 11th September 1811, and which expectations have already been partially realized by the late arrangements for the administration and landed tenures on Java. The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor, after mature deliberation and advice, has been pleased to rescind and abolish all the aforesaid prohibitions and penalties enacted against the private trade in Spices, Opium, wild Nutmegs and Mace, and consequently to order and direct, and it is hereby ordered and directed :—

That from and after the date of this Proclamation, the trade and importation on this Island of Spices, Opium, wild Nutmegs and Mace, will be a free, open, and lawful trade and importation to any private Merchant or Individual, to whom the trade in general within the limits of the privilege of the Honorable the East India Company may not be prohibited; provided however, and on condition, that such private traders, Merchants or other Individuals shall prove by proper certificate or other documents, that they have purchased the aforesaid articles or obtained them in a lawful manner, either from the Honorable the East India Company, or from their authorized agents and servants, or that they have obtained them in other lawful manner, at such places where the private trade and cultivation of those articles, is not prohibited, and from which the trade and importation, within the limits of the Honorable the East India Company's Territories, may not be prohibited, and that the importation of the same into this Colony be subject to the provisions contained in the Custom-house regulations, now existing or which may be enacted hereafter.

And that no persons may plead ignorance hereof, this Proclamation is directed to be printed in the English and Dutch languages, and published in the Government Gazette, and translated into the Native languages, and affixed at the usual places at Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

Given in the Council Chamber at Batavia, the 22d day of October, 1813.

By me,
The Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Java and its Dependencies.
T. S. RAFFLES.

By order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.
C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

Proclamatie.

NADEMAAL de prohibitien en poenaliteiten, by verschillende Publicatien, van het voormalig Gouvernement, en speciaal by die van den 29ste July 1757, 15de Oct. 1794, 9de Oct. 1795 en 10de Mei 1805, tegens den particulieren handel in Speceryen, Mannetjes-noten en wilde Foelie; en by Publicatie van den 2de Juni 1738, 27 Sept. 1781 en 1ste Juni 1808, tegens den particulieren handel in Amphioen, vastgesteld, niet verder bestaanbaar zyn, met de beginselen van dit Gouvernement, en met de meerdere vryheid van Handel en Culture, welke aan de Ingezetenen dezer Kolonie, door Zyne Excellentie de Gouverneur Generaal Lord MINTO, by Publicatie van den 11de Sept. 1811 is toegezegd, en van welke toezegging hun het effect reeds gedeeltelyk door de jongste maatregelen, ten aanzien van het bestier en landgebruik op Java is verzekerd; zoo is het, dat de Heer Luitenant Gouverneur, na zyne deliberatie, en na ingenomene rade en advis, heeft besloten, de voorschrevene prohibitien en poenaliteiten tegens den particulieren handel, in Speceryen, Amphioen, Mannetjes-noten en wilde Foelie, afteschaffen en te aboleren en over zulks te ordonneren en te statueren, gelyk geordonneerd en gestatueerd wordt by dezen.

Dat van dato dezer Publicatie de handel en invoer op dit Eiland van Speceryen, Amphioen en Wilde Noten en Foelie, aan een ieder zal vrystaan. mits by den invoer door behoorlyke certificaten doende blyken dat die artikelen van de Edele Engelsche Oost-Indische Compagnie zelve hare Wettige Agenten en Dienaren, of wel op eenige andere plaatzen waar de particuliere handel en culture van sommige van die artikelen niet is verboden, en van welke plaatzen de handel en invoer binnen de limiten van het Octrooi van de Edele Engelsche Oost-Indische Compagnie niet is verboden, op eene wettige en geoorloofde wyze zyn verkregen; en onderhevig aan de bepalingen by de Reglementen op de uit-en ingaande Regten bereeds gemaakt of nog te maken.

En op dat niemand hiervan eenige onwetendheid zoude kunnen voorwenden zal deze in de Engelsche en Hollandsche talen worden gepubliceerd, in het Maleidsch en Chineesch vertaald, en voorts worden geaffigeerd op alle zodanige plaatzen waar men gewoon is affixien te doen.

Gegeven ten Governments Huize, op Molenvliet den 22sten October 1813.

By my
Den Luitenant Gouverneur van het Eiland Java en dies onderhorigheden.
T. S. RAFFLES.

Ter ordonnantie van Zyne Excellentie, den Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.
C. ASSEY,
Sec. van het Govt.

Publication.

AS it is in contemplation to withdraw from the Market the copper Lumps circulating at Samarang, Sourabaya, and throughout all the Districts under Government, the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to direct as a provisional measure, to prevent their further depreciation, that they be allowed to circulate throughout the Island until further orders, as follows :—

Each two Stiver piece shall weigh one-third of an ounce, making copper Rix Dollars 250 of the picul of 125-lb. or Spanish Dollars 31¼ of sixty-six Stivers each, at the rate of one hundred and ninety-two copper Lumps of the standard weight for each Spanish Dollar.

The Lumps weighing less than the above, are also to be allowed to circulate at a value proportioned to their reduced weight below the above standard, which may at all times be referred to.

Specimens of the standard Lumps are to be sent by the Magistrates to the different Departments and to the different Bazars, and all Residents and other public Officers are authorized to receive the copper Lumps on account of Government accordingly, with this exception however, that Lumps weighing less than the standard shall be payable into the Government Treasuries, at the rate of 230 copper Rix Dollars or 28¾ Spanish Dollars of sixty-six Stivers for the picul of 125-lb.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA, COUNCIL CHAMBER, *October 22, 1813.*

Publicatie.

NADEMAAL het Gouvernement voornemens is, om de Koper-stukken geheel buiten de omwandeling te trekken, zoo heeft het Zyne Excellentie, de Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade behaagd, om provisioneel tot voorkoming van derzelver verder verval, te bepalen dat dezelve tot nader order, over het geheele Eiland zullen circuleren, op den volgenden voet.

Ieder twee stuiver-stuk zal een derde van eén once wegen, makende 250 kopere ryksdalers een pikol van 125 pond uit, of 31¼ Spaansche Dalers van 66 stuivers ieder, gerekend tegen 192 stukken koper-munt van het voorschreven gewigt, op een Spaansche Daler.

De Koper stukken van mindere zwaarte zullen mede gangbaar zyn, tegen eene waarde geevenredigd aan dezelver minder gewigt.

Er zullen aan de Magistraten, aan de verschillende departementen, en naar de verschillende Bazaars, proeven van de voorz: koperemunt stukken gezonden worden, en zyn alle Residenten en andere publicke Ambtenaren geautoriseerd, om dien overeenkomstig de kopere-stukken voor het Gouvernement te ontvangen, met deze uitzondering echter dat de koper-stukken minder dan de hierboven gemaakte bepaling wegende, in 'sGouvernements kas ontvangen zullen worden tegen 230 kopere ryksdalers, of 28¾ Spaansche Dalers van 66 stuivers, de pikol van 125 pond.

Ter Ordonnantie van Zyne Excellentie, den Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY,
Sec. van het Gouvt.

Advertisement.

WHEREAS the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor and Council have received from the Vice Admiralty Prize Court at Madras, a Commission, requiring them in the name of his Majesty, to take further examinations of Witnesses as to the Capture of Sugar at Batavia, in the same manner as on a former occasion.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of the said Commission, *Jacob Willem Cranssen*, Esq. Member of Council, and *Charles Assey*, Esq Secretary to Government, being two of the persons therein named, will sit at the Government House at Molenvliet, on Tuesday next the 9th instant, for the purpose of receiving and admitting as Witnesses those persons from whom the truth may be properly discovered, relating to the property of the said Sugar, and in order to examine and interrogate the said Witnesses upon the interrogatories transmitted, and the undermentioned persons are hereby required to attend at the time and place before-mentioned for that purpose accordingly.

Mr. CHASSE, *late Director General.*
— THALMAN, — *Administrator General.*
— GOLDMAN, — *Head Administrator.*
— VAN SON, — *Administrator of the Sugar Godowns.*
— BAUER, — *President of the Committee of Accounts.*
— LEBRECHT, } *late Clerks in the Sugar*
— JENEGEN, } *Godowns.*

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

BATAVIA, Nov. 5, 1813.

Advertentie.

NADEMAAL de Heere Luitenant Gouverneur en Raden, eene Commissie ontvangen hebben van het Vice Admiraliteits Prys Hoff te Madras, hun in de naam van Zyne Majesteit gelastende, om verdere verhooringen van getuigen te nemen, ten opzigte van het nemen van Suiker te Batavia, in voege als zulks by een vorige gelegentheid heeft plaats gehad, zo word mits dezen bekend gemaakt, dat in voldoening aan gezegde Commissie, De Wel Edele Gestrenge Heer JACOB WILLEM CRANSEN, Lid der Regering, en De Wel Edele Gestrenge Heer CHARLES ASSEY, Secretaris van het Gouvernement, zynde twee der daarin genoemde personen, zullen zitten ten Gouvernements Huise op Molenvliet, op Dingsdag den 9dedezer, om te horen en te nemen de getuigenissen van zodanige personen, van wien de zuivere waarheid mag vernomen worden, betrekkelyk het regt van eigendom van gezegde Suiker, en om de gezegde getuigen te verhoren en te ondervragen op de toegezonden Vraagpointen—en de hier ondergenoemde personen worden by dezen genodigt om op de boven vermelde tyd en plaats ten dien einde present te zyn.

De Heer CHASSE, gewezen Directeur Generaal,
De Heer THALMAN, gewezen Adminis. Gen.
De Heer GOLDMAN, gewezen Hoofd Adminis.
De Heer VAN SON, gewezen Administrateur der Suiker Pakhuizen.
De Heer BAUER, gewezen President der Rekenkamer.
De Heer LEBRECHT, } gewezen Klerken in de
De Heer JENEGEN, } Suiker Pakhuizen.

Ter Ordonnantie van den Heere Luitenant Gouverneur in Rade.

C. ASSEY,
Sec. van het Gouvt.

BATAVIA, den 5de Nov. 1813.

BATAVIA
PRICE CURRENT.

		Spanish Dollars.
ALE, in bottles, ...	per dozen	7 to 8
Ditto, in casks,..........	cask	65 to 75
All-spice, ...	lb.	2
Almonds, ...	cwt.	10
Alum, ...	cwt.	4
Ambergris,..........	ounce	6
Amber, (fine white large pieces,)	pecul	9
Ditto, (false,)	do.	
Anchors, ...	cwt.	13
Arrack, ... per leaguer	1st sort	90
	2d do.	75
	3d do.	52
Assafœtida,....	pecul	7
Baftas, blue, 1st sort, ...	corge	25
Do. do. 2d do.	do.	22
Ditto, white, 1st do.	do.	23
Ditto, do. 2d do.	do.	16
Beache de Mar, 1st sort, ...	pecul	25
Ditto, do. 2d do.	do.	15
Beef, salt, Bengal, ...	barrel	20
Ditto, do. Europe, ...	do.	50
Bee's Wax, (very best)	pecul	30
Ditto do, 2d sort, ...	do.	25
		Sp. Dollars.
Bird's Nests, 1st sort, ...	pecul	3000
Ditto ditto, 2d do.	do.	2000
Ditto ditto, 3d do.	do.	1000
Biscuit, Bengal, ...	cask	10
Ditto, American, ...	do.	*none*
Borax, ...	cwt.	10 to 14
Brandy, in bottles, ...	dozen	25
Ditto, in casks, ...	gallon	6 to 7
Ditto, Shrub, in pint bottles,	dozen	12
Brass, ...	pecul	35
Brimstone, ...	do.	6
Brocades, ...	piece	25 to 125
Cables, (Europe)	cwt.	25
Ditto, Coir, ...	pecul	8
Cambays, (superfine Cuddelore)	corge	60
Do. Pate, ...	do.	10 to 15
Cambrics, Europe, 1st sort,..	piece	25
Ditto, do. 2d do.....	do.	20
Ditto, Madras, 1st do.....	do.	14
Ditto, do. 2d do.....	do.	9
Camphor, (Barroo) real head..	lb.	15
Ditto, do. 2d sort, ..	do.	10
Ditto, do. 3d do.....	do.	6
Ditto, do. 4th do. ...	do.	2
Candles, Wax, Bengal, ...	maund	45
Ditto, do. Europe Mould,	lb.	½
Ditto, Spermaceti, ...	box	30
Ditto, Tallow, ...	pecul	16
Canvas, Europe, ...	bolt	20
Ditto, Bengal, ...	do.	6
Ditto, Chittagong, ...	do.	6
Ditto, Danish, ...	do.	24
Cardamums, 1st sort, ...	pecul	140
Ditto, 2d do.	do.	110
Cassia, 1st sort, ...	do.	9
Ditto, 2d do.	do.	9
Cinnamon, 1st sort, ...	lb.	1
Ditto, do. 2d do. ..	do.	½
Charconnahs, 1st sort, ...	corge	80
Ditto, 2d do.	do.	50
Cheese, American, ...	cwt.	40
Ditto, Europe, ...	do.	30 to 40
Ditto, Dutch, ...	do.	45
Chintz, Europe, ...	corge	250
Ditto, Patna, ...	do.	15
Ditto, Mirzapore, ...	do.	12
Ditto, Arcot, ...	do.	18
Ditto, Cuddelore, ...	do.	20
Ditto, Super-sannah, ...	do.	40
Do. Gilleahs, red, ...	do.	100
Ditto, do. blue, ...	do.	80
Ditto, Hurrepaul, pocket,	do.	46
Ditto, Muslin, fine, ...	do.	60
Ditto, do. course,....	do.	25
Ditto, Pullicat, ...	do.	150
Ditto, Vantipollan, 1st sort,	do.	80
Chintz, Vantipollan, 2d do.	do.	40
Ditto, do. 3d do.	do.	25
Cloves, 1st sort, ...	pecul	125
Ditto, 2d do.	do.	100
Cochineal, ...	lb.	5
Cocoa, Carracas, ...	do.	*none*
Ditto, Islands, ...	do.	1½
Coffee, 1st sort, Java,........	pecul	4 to 4½
Ditto, Cheribon, ...	do.	4½ to 5
Coir Rope, ...	do.	5½ to 6½
Copperas, ...	cwt.	7½
Copper, Sheet, English,......	do.	40 to 45
Ditto, Bolt, do.	do.	35
Ditto, Japan, ...	pecul	*none*
Coral, ...	do.	60 to 70
Cordage, Europe,..........	do.	25
Ditto, Manilla, ...	do.	12
Cordials, in bottles, ...	dozen	12
Corks, ...	gross	1½
Cornelian Beads, ...	sett	13
Cossaes, superfine gold-head, .	corge	200
Ditto, 2d sort, ...	do.	120
Ditto, 3d do.	do.	80
Cossumbo Flower, 1st sort	pecul	80
Ditto, do. 2d do.	do.	30 to 40
Cotton, Surat, good and free from seed,	do.	15
Curwahs, Company's length, ..	corge	12
Ditto, short, ...	do.	10
Cuttings, scarlet, ...	pecul	
Ditto, coloured, ...	do.	
Dammer, ...	do.	1½
Dates, ...	bag	4
Dimity, fine, Europe, ...	piece	20
Ditto, coarse, ...	do.	15
Ditto, Dacca, ...	corge	30
Ditto, 2d sort, ...	do.	25
Dorreas, fine, ...	do.	90
Ditto, coarse, ...	do.	50
Duck, Russian, ...	piece	25
Ditto, American, ...	do.	15
Dungaree, ...	do.	2
Ditto, double-thread, ...	do.	2½
Elephant's-teeth, large, ...	pecul	150
Ditto do. small, ...	do.	80 to 90
Fish, cod, dry,............	do.	*none*
Ditto, Salmon, in kegs, ...	kitt	15 to 20
Do. Herrings, do.........	keg	15
Do. Roes, ...	pecul	5
Flints, ...	thousand	18
Flour, American,............	barrel	*none*
Ditto, China, ...	pecul	7
Geneva, Hollands, 15 bottles case,	case	[illegible]
Do. do. in cask,....	gallon	3
Ditto, American, do.	do.	2½
Ghee, ...	pecul	15
Ginger, race, ...	lb.	4
Ditto, ground, ...	do.	2 to 3
Ginghams, Manilla, ...	corge	20
Ditto, Chandernagore, ...	do.	25
Ginseng, ...	lb.	1
Glass, Window, English, ...	box	50
Do. Do. German, ...	do.	12 to 15
Do. do. Dutch, ...	do.	
Gold-thread, China, ...	per catty,	5 to 10
Ditto, Persian, ...	bundle	5
Ditto, Europe, ...	ounce	8
Gram, ...	maund	1½
Gum Arabic,..............	do.	4
Gunny Bags, ...	hundred	8
Do. Pauls, ...	do.	7
Gurrahs, blue, Bheerboom, ..	corge	40
Do. white, do. ..	do.	30
Handkerchiefs, Bandanna,	do.	30
Do. Barnagore, ...	do.	60 to 65
Handkerchief, Cambric, fine,	do.	45
Do. do. coarse,	do.	35
Hartaul, or yellow Arsenic, ...	pecul	25
Hawsers, ...	cwt.	25
Hides, dryed, Europe, ...	do.	25
Do. do. Country, ...	per corge	14
Indigo, 1st sort, Bengal, ...	maund	65 to 70
Do. 2d do.	do.	35 to 40
Do. Java, 1st sort, ...	pecul	100
Do. do. 2d do.	do.	60
Iron, Bar, British, ...	maund	7 to 8
Do. square do.	do.	7 to 8
Do. Bar, Swedish, ...	do.	8 to 9
Iron, Hoop, ...	do.	6 to 7
Izarees, 1st sort, ...	corge	120
Do. 2d do.	do.	80
Do. 3d do.	do.	50

(*Continued in the Supplement.*)

BATAVIA:
PRINTED BY A. H. HUBBARD,
AT THE
Honorable Company's Printing Office,
MOLENVLIET.

Supplement to the Java Government Gazette.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1813.

(Continued from the Gazette.)

		Sp. Dollars.
...miss,	pecul	8
...d, Pig,	cwt.	8 to 9
Sheet,	do.	10
red,	do.	18
white,	do.	20
...her, Morocco,	skin	3
...s, Deep-sea and Log,	cwt.	30
...rs, in bottles,	dozen	12
...cloth, Bengal, 1st sort,	piece	15
do. do. 2d do.	do.	10
do. do. 3d do.	do.	8
do. do. 4th do.	do.	6
do. Madras, 1st do.	do.	30
do. do. 2d do.	do.	20
do. do. 3d do.	do.	15
do. do. 4th do.	do.	10
...ber, pine Scantlings, 1st size	each	1
do. 2d do.	do.	½
do. boards 1st do.	each	½
do. do. 2d do.	do.	¼
do. spars, pine,	do.	3
do. Teak,	do.	3
do. Planks, 1st size	do.	1½
do. do. 2d do.	do.	3
do. do. 3d do.	do.	4½
do. do. staves, large,	100	11
do. do. small,	do.	11
do. spars, pine,	each	2¼
do. Teak,	do.	1½
do. Planks 1st size,	do.	3
do. do. 2d do.	do.	4½
do. do. 3d do.	100	11
do. staves, large,	do.	5
do. do. small,	do.	4 to 5
..., 1st sort,	lb.	4
2d do.	do.	3
...odies, fine,	corge	120
medium,	do.	80
coarse,	do.	45
...es, blue, 1st sort,	do.	100
do. 2d do.	do.	80
white, 1st do.	do.	80
do. 2d do.	do.	50
...ls, fine,	do.	300
coarse,	do.	80
...	pecul	15
..., Company's length, blue,	corge	25
do. yellow,	do.	27
narrow,	corge	12
do. white,	do.	11
...ok, 1st sort,	piece	25
2d do.	do.	15
3d do.	do.	7
...egs, 1st sort,	piece	1½ to 2
2d do.	do.	1 to 1½
..., yellow, dry,	cwt.	15
ground in oil,	do.	20
Sweet, in bottles,	dozen	15 to 18
Cocoa-nut,	pecul	10 to 12
Catchang,	do.	5
Kayoo Pootee,	bottle	5
Earth,	pecul	4½
Linseed,	gallon	3
Fish,	pecul	15
..., Benares,	chest	1000
Patna,	do.	1050
...pares, Madras, small,	corge	20
do. medium,	do.	70
do. large,	do.	100
Patna,	do.	15
...er, black,	pecul	6½
white,	do.	None
...,	do.	4
...staves, large,	100	10
small,	100	5½
...	barrel	20
..., in bottles,	dozen	8
cask,	barrel	65 to 75
... Blue,	lb.	½
...,	bundle	12
..., fine, Bengal,	bag	3
... do.	do.	1½
Java, fine,	coyang	55
do. red or black	do.	45
... Europe,	cwt.	25
...water,	carboy	15
...	barrel	8
..., Bengal, in cask,	gallon	1 to 1½
Jamaica, do.	do.	3
Shrub, in bottles,	dozen	10
...,	lb.	12
...	pecul	4
...	coyang	7
...tre, rough,	pecul	8 to 10
...ned,	do.	15 to 20
...wood, red,	do.	15
white,	do.	12
yellow,	do.	10
...wood,	do.	3½
...,	lb.	4
...rs, blue, 1st sort,	corge	75
2d do.	do.	55
...wn, 1st sort,	do.	40
...s, brown, 2d sort,	corge	30
...s, white, 1st sort	corge	80
2d do.	do.	60
gold-head,	do.	120
...,	do.	80
...	do.	15
..., Surat,	catty	25
..., Bengal,	1000	1
...s, best and largest,	pecul	20
2d sort,	do.	15
...,	do.	400
...	cwt.	12
...Lack,	pecul,	25
..., blue, fine,	corgo	80 to 90
do. coarse,	do.	70 to 80
white, fine,	do.	80 to 90
do. coarse,	do.	70 to 80
..., 1st sort,	pecul	7
2d do.	do.	6
3d do.	do.	5
Candy,	do.	10
do. white,	do.	12½
brown,	do.	8
...hur,	do.	7
...e Cloths, Dacca, 1st sort,	corge	60
do. 2d do.	do.	50
do. 3d do.	do.	40
Behar, fine,	do.	80
do. coarse,	do.	40
Dacca, fine Gold-head,	piece	20 to 25
do. coarse,	do.	10 to 15
...as, 1st sort,	do.	4½
2d do.	do.	4
3d do.	do.	3
...British,	barrel	15 to 20
Swedish,	do.	25
American,	do.	16
...	do.	7
...	pecul	7
...,	do.	20 to 24

		Sp. Dollars.
Do. in Plates,	piece	25
Tortoise-shell, thick and good,	pecul	275
Do. do. ordinary,	do.	115
Teas, Bohea,	chest	5
Do. Hyson,	do.	20
Do. Hyson Skin,	do.	1
Do. Young Hyson,	do.	25
Do. Hyson Singlo,	do.	18
Do. Gun-powder,	do.	25
Do. Imperial,	do.	20
Do. Souchong,	do.	10
Thread, Europe,	lb.	
Do. China,	bundle	
Do. Cotton, Java, 1st sort,	do.	70
Tobacco, American,	lb.	¼
Do. China,	pecul	35 to 45
Do. Java,	corge	85
Towels, Patna, fine,	do.	3
Do. do. coarse,	do.	2½
Do. Dacca, fine,	do.	3
Do do. Coarse,	do.	2½
Turpentine,	barrel	11
Do. spirits,	gallon	2
Tutenages,	pecul	20 to 25
Twine, Europe,	cwt.	60
Do. Bengal,	pecul	20
Varnish, black,	gallon	¼
Do. white,	do.	½
Verdigrease,	cwt.	250
Vitery, Bengal,	pecul	6
Do. Danish,	do.	
Wax, Bees, 1st sort,	do.	
Do. do. 2d do.	do.	
Wheat,	bag	3
Woolen-cloth, Europe, 1st sort,	yard	8 to 10
Do. do. do. 2d do.	do.	6 to 7
Do. do. do. 3d do.	do.	2 to 3
Wine, Claret, English, in bottles,	dozen	24
Do. do. French,	do.	18
Do. do. in cask,	gallon	
Do. Lisbon, in bottles,	dozen	8
Do. Madeira, London market,	do.	12 to 15
Do. do. do. in cask,	pipe	300
Do. do. London particular, in bottles	dozen	15
Do. do. do. do. in cask,	pipe	350
Do. do. India market,	do.	250
Do. do. do. in bottles,	dozen	12
Do. Port-wine, do.	do.	13
Do. Hock, cask,	pipe	150
Do. Cape, in cask,	do.	
Do. Teneriffe, do.	do.	200
Wood, Mahogany,	foot	

WM. ROBINSON, *Collector*

Batavia, Custom-house, Oct. 29, 1813.

CURRENT VALUE OF PROBOLINGO PAPER.

Sourabaya, 27th October 1813.

40 Spanish Dollars for 100 Rix Dollars Probolingo Paper.

Samarang, 30th October 1813.

From 38 to 40 Spanish Dollars for 100 Rix Dollars Probolingo Paper.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

Drawing of the Fifth Probolingo Lottery, agreeably to Notice, in presence of a Committee appointed for that purpose.

	Rix Dollars.
Ten Notes of 1,000 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter A. Nos. 136 148 97 170 134 92 104 118 37 81	10,000
Fifteen Notes of 500 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter B. Nos. 235 146 60 187 251 21 32 233 225 292 154 274 [illegible]4 193 172	7,500
Twenty Notes of 400 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter C. Nos. 359 18 150 76 191 21 15 45 214 181 336 148 100 157 211 116 335 391 75 160	8,000
Twenty-five Notes of 300 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter D. Nos. 265 123 90 452 33 41 39 189 166 471 21 145 201 78 474 275 106 435 158 173 395 494 194 147 36	7,500
Thirty-five Notes of 200 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter E. Nos. 121 30 291 590 480 204 191 652 454 178 395 503 4 631 13 323 280 84 171 141 99 598 164 215 9 70 132 570 438 255 445 616 57 690 626	7,000
One hundred Notes of 100 Rix Dollars each, marked Letter F. Nos. 123 1851 929 479 1309 1821 1167 1807 236 2 1960 498 1067 207 1066 234 938 1881 279 1725 845 389 691 1635 1731 626 1529 860 1403 1233 197 874 1769 500 295 247 1119 960 1675 363 865 414 902 1274 1670 1423 382 235 764 1121 59 652 915 427 634 339 1139 1990 984 1359 609 82 1454 1460 787 176 1231 185 319 598 1917 1679 654 424 278 447 246 1782 438 245 556 181 1472 146 520 983 1659 1693 1905 996 7 1048 331 1890 568 77 1177 1616 1685 36	10,000
Total Rix Dollars	50,000

J. G. BAUER, *Commissioner.*

Batavia, Stad-house,
Nov. 2, 1813.

Current value of the Lombard Bank Notes

In the week ending Friday the 5th of Nov. 1813.

Discount 21 per Cent.

C. ASSEY, *Sec. to Govt.*

Advertisement.

THE Merchants of Batavia, being desirous of forming a Society for the Insurance of Ships and Merchandize at Sea; and encouraged by the sanction and support of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor—they have drawn up a set of propositions for the Constitution of such an establishment which may be inspected at Messrs. SHRAPNELL and Co's Office, by all Persons wishing to become Sharers in the undertaking, and those who reside at a distance shall be furnished with any information they may require upon the subject by a written application to the same.

Whenever the number of Subscribers is accomplished, a Meeting will be proposed to form the necessary arrangements.

BATAVIA,
October 15, 1813.

Advertentie.

DE Kooplieden van Batavia, verlangend zynde opterichten eene Societeit van Assurantie voor Schepen en Koopmanschappen op Zee, en daar in aangemoedigd door de goedkeuring en ondersteuning van Zyn Excellentie den Luitenant Gouverneur, hebben een voorstel tot het in stand brengen van zoodanig een Genootschap opgemaakt, welke te zien is, ten Kantoore van de Heeren Shrapnell en Comp: voor een elk, geneegen zynde deelhebber in deze onderneeming te worden.—Informatien begeerd wordende door Persoonen met te Batavia wonende, zullen die aan hun toekomen, op eene schriftelyke aanvrage by gedachte Heeren.

Zoo dra het getal inteekenaren vol is, zal eene byeenkomst belegd worden, ter beraming [illegible] verder zullen vereischt worden.

BATAVIA,
den 15de Oct. 1813.

Vendu Advertissementen.

Door Vendu-meesteren zullen de volgende Vendu-ties worden gehouden, als:

Op Maandag, den 8ste November 1813.

VOOR het Sterf-huis van *J. Staalhoff*, staande aan de Weeshuis-straat, van Juweelen, Goud en Zilver-werken, Huismeubelen, Slaven, Wagens en Paarden, nevens andere goederen meer.

Op Dingsdag, den 9ste November 1813.

VOOR het huis van *J. van Leeuwen*, staande aan de West-zyde van de Groote-rivier, van Javaas en kust Lywateu, Yzer, Porcelyne serviesen, Thee, en Wesmeer.

Op Woensdag, den 10ste November 1813.

VOOR de woning van den *Brigard Meester*, staande op Weltevreeden, van Wagens, Paarden, Zilver-werken, Huismeubelen, Wyn en Bier, Brandewyn, alle op bottels, &a.

Op Vrydag, den 12ste November 1813.

VOOR het Sterf-huis van *J. Carels*, staande aan de Noord-zyde van de Kroone-gragt, van Huismeubelen, Kledragien en andere goederen meer.

Ook zal ten zelfden dage opgeveild worden, *voor Reekening des Boedels van Wylen J. Carels.*

ZEEKER Erf, bewouwd met een Steene Pedak, staande en geleegen buiten dese Stad, aan de Noord-zyde van de Gelderlandse of Sontharse Weg, in het Oosterveld het 17de deel van het blok L, sub No 9; belend ten zuiden met de Gemeene Weg, ten Noorden en Oosten met Juffrouw, *J. E. Symons*, en ten westen met *Abdul Cadier*,—De breete en diepte volgens meetbrief van den 28ste October 1813.

Ten Vendu-kantoor, dagelyks voor de Verkoping te Zien.

Advertentie.

Op Maandag den 8ste November 1813.

ZAL door Vendumeesteren, voor reekening van *P. de Bruin Vermeer*, en Comp: verkogt worden by den opslag een parthy Meel in vaaten, voor het Sterf-huis van de Heer *Staalhoff*, zynde Zaturdag en Zondag te zien op de Tygers-gragt, ten huise van den teekenaar.

P. VERMEER.

Advertentie.

ALLE degeene welke iets te pretenderen hebben, dan wel schuldig zyn aan den Boedel van wylen *Johannes Staalhoff*, gelieve daarvan binnen de tyd van een maand gerekend van heeden, opgave te doen aan desselfs testamentaire Executeur, *H. F. J. Salingre.*

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

THE Estate PONDOKTERRONG, situated at the 27th *Paal* of the Western-road from Batavia to Buitenzorg, with its Inventory complete.—The buildings are all of bricks, and covered with tiles, besides the privilege of a Bazar attached to this Estate, there are Rice and Oil Mills newly constructed, and a Lime-kiln. There are also several Saddle and Draft Horses, a breed of Horses twelve months old, consisting of Mares and Foals in all 30, and a quantity of Paddy and Cadjang.—For particulars, application to be made to the owner of the said Estate, Mr. *Wense.*

BATAVIA, *Oct.* 30, 1813.

Advertentie.

WENSE presenteerd uit de hand te koop zyn Landgoed, genaamd Pondokterrong, geleegen op de 27ste nieuwe paal, of 9 uren van Batavia, aan de wester ryweg naar Buitenzorg, waar op staat een zeer fräy Woon-huis, Slaven vertrekken, Combuys, Dispens, Lombong, Paarde stallen en Koekraal, nevens een gepreviligeerde Bazaar, Ryst-molen, Oly-molen, en een Kalkbrandery, meest alles van steen en hout opgebouwd en met pannen gedekt, als meede een compleet Meublement van Ledikanten met toebehoren, Stoelen, Tafels, Glaze Kronen, Stolpen, Rustbanken, &ca. verders Slaven en Slavinnen; circa 200 Koebeesten, 60 stuks Karbouwen, verscheidene Trek-en Rypaarden, en eene zedert een jaar nieuw aangelegde stoetery, bestaande zo wel uit Merries als Veulens, thans in 30 stuks, benevens een quantiteit Cadjang en Pady; nadere informatie te bekomen by bovengemelde Eygenaar, by wien ook de Inventaris, zo wel als de Conditien van opgemelde Land dagelyks te zien zyn.

Batavia, den 30ste October 1813.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS and DEBTORS.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the late HAN KIKKO, Landholder of Probolingo, are requested to pay the amount of their debts to the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the Deceased. SOORA ADENAGARA, late Key Adipatie of Toeban, HAN TIAN PIT, late Landholder of Bezuki, and HAN SOOSIK, Lieutenant-Captain of Sourabaya; and all Persons having demands on said Estate, are requested to state the amount and particulars thereof to the Executors abovenamed.

SOURABAYA, *Oct.* 1813.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

THE HOUSE and PREMISES, situated out of Town, near the former New-gate, belonging to Mr. C. HECKSCHER.—For particulars apply to *Mr. J. Schill, jun.*

UIT DE HAND TE KOOP.

HET Huis van M. HECKSCHER in de buiten Nieuwpoort-straat. — Nadere informatie dies wegens by *J. Schill, jun.*

Advertentie.

JACOBUS LODEWYK DIERING, woenagtig aan de West-zyde van de Kleine Roea-Malakka No: 14, binnen deeze Stat, informeerd het Publiek dat hy van voorneemens is, ten zyne woonplaats voornoemd Dagelyks van 's morgens 7 tot 9 uuren, en 's avonds van 6 tot 8 uuren de Son en andere Veest-daagen uitgezondert, Lessen tegeeven in de Engelsche taal teegen eene redelyke betaaling, ten welke einde hy een eyders Gunst verzoekt.

Advertisement.

ALL Persons having claims on, or being indebted to, the Estate of the late Lieutenant R. GUNN, Bengal Light Infantry Volunteer Battalion, are requested to make the same known to Captain S. FRASER, commanding Javanese Corps, Sourabaya, one of the Executors named in the Will of the deceased.

BATAVIA,
October 19, 1813.

FROM THE REJECTED ADDRESSES.

A TALE OF DRURY,

IN IMITATION OF WALTER SCOTT.

As chaos which, by heavenly doom,
Had slept in everlasting gloom,
Started with terror and surprize,
When light first flash'd upon her eyes;
So London's sons in nightcap woke,
In bedgown woke her dames,
For shouts were heard mid fire and smoke,
And twice ten hundred voices spoke,
"The Playhouse is in flames."
And lo! where Catherine Street extends
A fiery tail its lustre lends
To every window pane:
Blushes each spout in Martlet Court,
And Barbican, moth-eaten fort,
And Covent Garden kennels sport
A bright ensanguin'd drain;
Meux's new brewhouse shows the light,
Rowland Hill's chapel, and the height
Where patent shot they sell:
The Tennis Court, so fair and tall,
Partakes the ray with Surgeons' Hall,
The ticket porters' house of call,
Old Bedlam, close by London wall,
Wright's shrimp and oyster shop withal,
And Richardson's Hotel.
The summon'd firemen woke at call,
And hied them to their stations all.
Starting from short and broken snoose,
Each sought his pond'rous hobnail'd shoes,
But first his worsted hosen plied,
Plush breeches next in crimson dyed,
His nether bulk embraced;
Then jacket thick of red or blue,
Whose massy shoulder gave to view
The badge of each respective crew,
In tin or copper traced.
The engines thunder'd thro' the street,
Fire-hook, pipe, bucket, all complete,
And torches glared, and clattering feet
Along the pavement paced.
When lo! amid the wreck uprear'd
Gradual a moving head appear'd,
And Eagle firemen knew
'Twas Joseph Muggins, name rever'd,
The foreman of their crew.
Loud shouted all in sign of woe,
"A Muggins to the rescue, ho!"
And pour'd the hissing tide:
Meanwhile the Muggins fought amain,
And strove and struggled all in vain,
For rallying but to fall again,
He totter'd, sunk, and died!
Did none attempt, before he fell,
To succour one they lov'd so well?
Yes, Higginbottom did aspire
(His fireman's soul was all on fire,)
His brother chief to save;
But ah! his reckless generous ire
Serv'd but to share his grave!
Mid blazing beams and scalding streams,
Thro' fire and smoke he dauntless broke,
Where Muggins broke before.
But sulphury stench and boiling drench
Destroying sight o'erwhelm'd him quite,
He sunk to rise no more.
Still o'er his head, while Fate he braved,
His whizzing water-pipe he waved;
"Whitford and Mitford ply your pumps,
"You, Clatterbuck, come stir your stumps,
"Why are you in such doleful dumps?
"A fireman and afraid of bumps!
"What are they fear'd on, fools? 'od rot 'em!"
Were the last words of Higginbottom.!
Peace to his soul! new prospects bloom,
And toil rebuilds what fires consume!
Eat we and drink we, be our ditty,
"Joy to the managing committee."
Eat we and drink we, join to rum
Roast beef and pudding of the plum;
Forth from thy nook John Horner come,
White bread of ginger brown thy thumb!
Didst mark, how toil'd the busy train
From morn to eve, till Drury Lane
Leap'd like a roebuck from the plain?
Ropes rose and sunk, and rose again,
And nimble workmen trod;
To realize bold Wyatt's plan
Rush'd many a howling Irishman,
Loud clatter'd many a porter can,
And many a ragamuffin clan,
With trowel and with hod.'

Java Government Gazette.

BATAVIA,

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1813.

GENERAL ORDERS,

By the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

BATAVIA, *November* 1, 1813.

1—Mr. Parnell, from the H. C. armed ship Nearchus, is appointed to act as an Assistant Surgeon on this Island, on the pay and allowances attached to the appointment of an Assistant Surgeon on the Bengal Establishment.

2—Captain Baines, 5th Vol. Bat. is appointed to the command of the Detachment at Palembang, vice D'Aguilar, proceeding to Bengal.

3—Lieut. Hendy is appointed to act as Chaplain at Weltevreden, vice Baines.

4—Ensign William Burney is appointed a Sub-Assistant Commissary General, and posted to the Commissariat Department at Weltevreden till further orders.

5—The Division Order of Colonel Adams, under date the 14th ultimo, providing Carriage for Barrack Cots to Onarang, is confirmed, and a Contingent Bill for the same will be forwarded in the usual manner.

6—The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council is pleased to authorize an additional establishment of two Park Serjeants to the Arsenal at Weltevreden from this date.

7—The Deputy Barrack-master General will make up six Water Tubs for the Guard Houses at Weltevreden, and entertain three Coolies at 3 Spanish Dollars per month each, for the supply of water therein; the same to be included and drawn for in his Monthly Establishment until further orders.

8—Captain Colebrooke, Deputy Quarter-master General, being about to proceed to Bengal on duty, Captain John Nixon, Acting Military Secretary, will take charge of that Office on his departure.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

GENERAL ORDERS,

By the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

BATAVIA, *November* 1, 1813.

The following regulations are established for the regular provision of Bills of Exchange authorized to be drawn on the Supreme Government by Officers respectively in part of their established monthly pay and allowances.

All Officers desirous of availing themselves of the permission above-stated, are required to transmit to the Deputy Military Pay-master General on or before the 1st of each month, a statement of the amount which they are desirous of receiving by a Bill of Exchange in the month ensuing, in failure of which application, the Bill of Exchange will not be prepared; and on the 10th of each month, the Deputy Military Pay-master General will submit to Government his estimate, and regulate his monthly accounts accordingly.

The Batta and Allowances for August, and advance of Pay for September, 1813, will be issued to the Troops serving in Java, on or after the 10th instant.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

C. ASSEY,
Secretary to Government.

The length of time which has elapsed since the arrival of any vessels direct from Europe or India, and the consequent deficiency of late political intelligence, have produced a temporary want of subject matter, which we fear has rendered our columns less interesting to our Readers than we could wish to make them—we trust, however, to their candour in admitting this to be less a fault than a misfortune, and a misfortune to which we are as sensible as themselves.

We are however led to hope that the present void of recent information on political topics will ere long be supplied by the arrival of one of the ships that were expected to leave England soon after the departure of the *Lord Eldon* and *William Pitt*, for supposing the first of these ships did not sail from England till the commencement of May, and that she remained a month at the Cape, as was expected, the period usually employed in the voyage will expire in the course of the present month, so that we may with reason look daily for the arrival of some recent news from the Theatre of Politics—which we shall lose no time in laying before our Readers.

In the mean while, we are obliged to limit ourselves to extracting from the stock of papers already received, such particulars as may appear most interesting, and a judicious selection of which is at present the only object we have in view, till the receipt of further intelligence may enable us to supply our Paper with communications of more recent interest.

We understand the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor will touch at Cheribon on his voyage to Samarang, and take a short trip into the interior of that and the neighbouring Districts in the Western Division of the Island.

Great progress is said to be making in the Gold and Silver Coinage in the Mint at Sourabaya, nearly 3,000 New Rupees on an average, being now struck off and finished daily.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.] Oct. 29.—H. C. Gun-boat No. 9, Herbert, from Pontiana 10th Oct.—Passenger, Mr. Hunt.

Same day—Cutter Arathusa, Kerkeling, from Minto 10th Oct.

Oct. 31.—Ship Hoogly, T. Mitchell, from Samarang 28th Oct.—Passengers, Lieut. Farrington, Dr. Murray, and a Detachment of Bengal Artillery, Lieut. Nicholells, and a Detachment of Amboynese Corps.

Same day—Ship United Kingdom, J. Laird, from Samarang 29th Oct.

Nov. 2.—Arab Brig Mahabar, Shaik Homar, from Samarang 15th Oct.—Cargo, Rice.

DEPARTURES.] Oct. 31.—Brig Amazon, J. C. Gebhardt, for Samarang.

Nov. 1.—Arab ship Pallelgar, Shaik Abehel Rahman, for Penang and Malacca.

Same day—Schooner Goedeverwagting, H. Bornenkhoff, for Samarang.

Nov. 2.—H. C. C. Malabar, Capt. R. Deane, for Samarang,—Passengers, the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor and Lady Governess and Suite.

Same day—H. C. C. Aurora, Capt. D. Macdonald, for Samarang.

Nov. 3.—Ship Eugenia, W. Scott, for Banca,—Passengers, Wm. Boggie, Esq. and Capt. Blayd.

Same day—Brig Greyhound, P. Smith, for Banca.

Vessels lying in Batavia roads.

H. M sloop Hecate—H. C. ship Nearchus—ship Hoogly—do. United Kingdom—do. Hoop Hersteld-brig Gesina—do. Susanna Barbera—do. Maria—do. Christina—schooner Maria—cutter Harmony—do. Arathusa—Arab ship Mahabar—do. brig Herat—do. do. Mahabar—do. do. Expedition—Chinese brig Experiment—do. schooner Drake.

Samarang, October 24.—Arrived the brig Little Mary, Woods, from Batavia.

Sailed the Transport ship Phœnix, Campbell, for Sourabaya.

Oct. 27.—Arrived the brig Charlotte, Curtoys, from Sourabaya.

Do. 28.—Do. brig Hendrick, Deelken, from Batavia.

Sailed the Transport ship Hoogly, Mitchell, for Batavia.

Do. 29.—Do. do. United Kingdom, Laird, for do.

Sourabaya, Oct. 20.—Arrived the Transport ship John and Margaret, Snoball, from Batavia, and the brig Minerva, Thompson, from do.

Oct. 25.—Sailed the H. C. brig Mary-Anne, Buchanan, for Sumanap, and the Transport ship Volunteer, Waterman, for Grissee.

DEATH.

At Samarang, on Wednesday the 27th of July last, the eldest Son of Mr. H. C. Cornelius.

EUROPEAN EXTRACTS.

BELL'S WEEKLY MESSENGER, *January* 31.

All the accounts from the French coast concur in representing the general feeling of the French people upon the event of the late campaign,—an event, which by the destruction of nearly three hundred thousand young men, has filled almost every house in France with mourning. Since the destructive wars of Louis the XIVth, nothing has been known which can be brought even into a momentary comparison with it, and even the ambition of that monarch falls short of his Imperial successor. France, says an eminent historian, has not recovered to this day her loss both in population and national means, which were brought upon her by the wars of the Grand Monarque. He invested his throne with the splendour of conquest at the expence of the dearest interests of the nation, and he has given a lesson to future kings, which they would do well to remember, that the very hand of heaven is opposed to conquerors, and that in the modern world they have never succeeded. There has always been a very wide interval between the commencement and the conclusion of their fortune.

Charles XII. of Sweden is another eminent instance of both of these important truths—namely, that the exhaustion produced by long wars, and particularly by the loss of whole armies at once, is never recovered; and secondly, that the very curse of Heaven follows, as a retributive justice, in some part of the life of the Conqueror. Sweden has not recovered, to the present moment, the losses which were brought upon her by the destructive ambition of that splendid madman; and her present comparative insignificance, not to say servitude, are consequences of his successes and failures. And the fact of Charles is an equally strong example of the visitation of Providence. He died in a ditch, before one of the most obscure fortresses of Europe, and so much did Sweden gain by his death, that it is a matter of doubt, to this day, whether he did not fall by the hands of his own officers—being secretly shot by one of them in order to release his country from his ruinous vanity.

The ambition of the Emperor Napoleon is so much the more destructive, inasmuch as it is on a larger scale than that of either of those modern European Conquerors. Louis the XIVth could never assemble a greater army than about 80,000. Such armies as those of France were never heard of till the French Revolution pushed the resources of the nation to their extreme. So much the greater, therefore, is the amount of the exhaustion, which may be naturally expected from the ruin of such a mass.

The total amount of the French Cavalry, in the whole of their military establishment, is about 80,000, of which it is upon indubitable record (their own confession) that 40,000 perished. Now the lives of horses are as difficult to raise as those of men, and whence is France to supply this sweeping destruction?—

The French *Gendarmerie* is stated in a Daily Paper to be 60 squadrons, and the ordinary amount of a squadron is 250 men, so that France (according to this account) has still a kind of Police, and Militia Cavalry of 15,000. But it is evident that this cavalry cannot be spared from the home defence. The other part of the remaining French cavalry is in Spain, and may amount to about 25,000. But still less can this be spared from the necessities of the Spanish War. So that, in this main arm of War, we do not see any effectual means by which France can sufficiently repair her shattered squadrons, so as [to be] in a condition to resume the Russian C[am]paign in spring. Austria and Prussi[a,] we have argued, will probably not [alto]gether desert from the French cause, [but] on the other hand, they will certainly [not] be so warm in it as to undergo those [ex]treme efforts of supplying these losses [with] their own blood.

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